## National Board of Examinations

Question Paper Name :DrNB Endocrinology Paper2Subject Name :DrNB Endocrinology Paper2Creation Date :2023-10-15 14:13:55Duration :180Share Answer Key With Delivery Engine :NoActual Answer Key :No

## **DrNB Endocrinology Paper2**

**Group Number:** 1 Group Id: 3271872488 **Group Maximum Duration:** 0 180 **Group Minimum Duration: Show Attended Group?:** Nο **Edit Attended Group?:** No **Group Marks:** 100 Is this Group for Examiner?: No **Examiner permission: Cant View Show Progress Bar?:** No

## **DrNB Endocrinology Paper2**

**Section Id:** 3271872491

Section Number: 1

Section type: Offline

Mandatory or Optional: Mandatory

Number of Questions to be attempted: 10

Section Marks: 100

**Enable Mark as Answered Mark for Review and** 

**Clear Response:** 

Yes

**Maximum Instruction Time:** 0

Sub-Section Number: 1

**Sub-Section Id:** 3271872495

**Question Shuffling Allowed:** No

Is Section Default?: null

Question Number: 1 Question Id: 32718725113 Question Type: SUBJECTIVE Consider As

Subjective : Yes Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction

Time:0

**Correct Marks: 10** 

Please write your answers in the answer booklet within the allotted pages as follows:-

Question Number	Answer to be attempted within	Question Number	Answer to be attempted within
Q. 1	Page 1-5	Q. 6	Page 26-30
Q. 2	Page 6-10	Q. 7	Page 31-35
Q. 3	Page 11-15	Q. 8	Page 36-40
Q. 4	Page 16-20	Q. 9	Page 41-45
Q. 5	Page 21-25	Q. 10	Page 46-50

- 1. A 25-year-old woman, with BMI-22kg/m<sup>2</sup>, known case of primary hypothyroidism for the past 5 years, currently on 200 mcg of levothyroxine therapy since 6 months, presents with uncorrected hypothyroidism with TSH-45 mIU/L. Discuss the approach to the case:
- a) Causes of refractory hypothyroidism. [5]
- b) Management of refractory hypothyroidism. [5]

Question Number: 2 Question Id: 32718725114 Question Type: SUBJECTIVE Consider As

Subjective: Yes Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction

Time: 0

**Correct Marks: 10** 

T3 use in clinical practice:

- a) Rationale for T3 use in hypothyroidism. [2.5]
- b) Indications. [2.5]
- c) Contraindications. [2.5]
- d) Pragmatic use with T4. [2.5]

Question Number: 3 Question Id: 32718725115 Question Type: SUBJECTIVE Consider As

Subjective: Yes Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction

Time: 0

**Correct Marks: 10** 

A 24-year-old young male patient presented with hypertension with hypokalemia, no cushingoid features and BMI- 21kg/m<sup>2</sup>. Discuss the approach to the case:

- a) Relevant history and examination. [2.5]
- b) Differential diagnosis. [2.5]
- c) Diagnosis and management. [2.5+2.5]

Question Number: 4 Question Id: 32718725116 Question Type: SUBJECTIVE Consider As

Subjective: Yes Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction

Time: 0

**Correct Marks: 10** 

Discuss the following steps in the evaluation of suspected Cushing's syndrome:

- a) Urinary free cortisol estimation: Brief method, interpretation and limitations. [5]
- b) False positive and False negative causes of Low Dose Dexamethasone Suppression Test (LDDST) interpretation. [5]

Question Number: 5 Question Id: 32718725117 Question Type: SUBJECTIVE Consider As

Subjective: Yes Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction

Time: 0

**Correct Marks: 10** 

A 5-year-old male child was brought by his parents with complaints of progressive bowing of legs, poor height gain and failure to thrive of 1 year duration. Discuss the practical approach to this case.

- a) Relevant history and clinical examination. [2.5]
- b) Differential diagnosis. [2.5]
- c) Management. [5]

Question Number: 6 Question Id: 32718725118 Question Type: SUBJECTIVE Consider As

Subjective: Yes Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction

Time: 0

**Correct Marks: 10** 

A 36-year-old woman, unwell for the past 1 year admitted with fragility fracture of femur in Orthopaedics department. On evaluation, she was found to have serum calcium of 11.8 mg/dl.

Discuss the approach to this case:

- a) Relevant history and clinical examination. [2.5]
- b) Differential diagnosis. [2.5]
- c) Appropriate investigations. [2.5]
- d) Diagnosis and management. [2.5]

Question Number: 7 Question Id: 32718725119 Question Type: SUBJECTIVE Consider As

Subjective : Yes Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction

Time: 0

**Correct Marks: 10** 

Heart failure with preserved ejection fraction in diabetes:

- a) Pathophysiology. [3]
- b) Diagnostic evaluation. [3]
- c) Management. [4]

Question Number: 8 Question Id: 32718725120 Question Type: SUBJECTIVE Consider As

Subjective: Yes Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction

Time: 0

**Correct Marks: 10** 

Newer lipid lowering therapies:

a) Mechanism of action. [2.5]

- b) Contraindications and side effects. [2.5]
- c) Dose administration and efficay in clinical trials. [5]

Question Number: 9 Question Id: 32718725121 Question Type: SUBJECTIVE Consider As

Subjective: Yes Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction

Time: 0

**Correct Marks: 10** 

Sarcopenic obesity:

- a) Diagnosis. [5]
- b) Management. [5]

Question Number: 10 Question Id: 32718725122 Question Type: SUBJECTIVE Consider As

Subjective: Yes Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction

Time: 0

**Correct Marks: 10** 

Management of post-menopausal osteoporosis: Discuss indications, doses, duration and side effects of each of the following drugs:

- a) Bisphosphonates. [2.5]
- b) Synthetic PTH. [2.5]
- c) Denosumab. [2.5]
- d) Romosozumab. [2.5]